



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Education
NATIONAL CAPITAL REGION
Misamis Street, Bago-Bantay, Quezon City

UNIFIED SUPPLEMENTARY LEARNING MATERIALS (USLeM)



MAPEH - ARTS 8

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UNIFIED SUPPLEMENTARY LEARNING MATERIALS Grade 8

LEARNING AREA

ARTS 8: LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Identifies characteristics of arts and crafts in specific countries in South, West, and Central Asia: India (rangoli, katak, mendhi, diwali); Saudi Arabia (carpet design); Pakistan (truck art); and Tibet (mandala), etc. A8PL-IIIh-1

Reflects on and derive the mood, idea or message from selected artifacts and art objects.

A8PL-IIIh-2

Expectation

As you go on this lesson, you will find out how the artistic cultures of a South Asian country apply on their crafts the elements of arts: Color, Value, Saturation, Form, Line, Shape, Space, and Texture. Also, you will understand how these countries produce their art works with the presence of the Principle of Art: Balance, Contrast, Emphasis, Rhythm/Movement, Proportion/Scale, Unity and Variety, and Pattern.

Pre-Test

DIRECTIONS: Match column A to column B. Write the letter of the correct answer before each number.

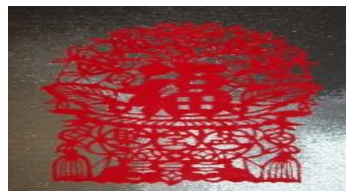
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|--|------------|
| ___ 1. It is the Hindu New Year and is celebrated in India and all around the world in October or November. | A. Mehndi |
| ___ 2. It is popularly known as Henna Tattoos. It is a temporary body art form. | B. Rangoli |
| ___ 3. It is comprised of two words: 'rang' meaning 'color' and 'aavalli' meaning "colored creepers" or "row of colors". | C. Diwali |

Looking Back

Can you recall the function or purpose of these crafts? Write them under each column.



Japanese Bamboo Basket



Chinese Paper Cuts



Korean Masks

Brief Introduction

In South Asia, there are the countries of India, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Maldives, Nepal and Sri Lanka. But here in our topic, we will focus on the arts of India. In India, they have Rangoli, Katak, Mehndi and Diwali. We will find out how these art forms and craft started and develop in this country and influenced other parts of the world through its elements and principles.



ARTS OF INDIA

Rangoli is one of the most beautiful and most pleasing art forms of India. It is comprised of two words: "rang" meaning "color" and "aavalli" meaning "colored creepers" or "row of colors". Rangoli, the art of making designs or patterns on the walls or the floor of the house, uses finely ground white powder along with different colors.



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LEARNING AREA

Every October or November, India celebrates a very important event, it is called **Diwali**. It is the Hindu New Year. According to Hindu belief, they open their windows so that their goddess of wealth, Lakshmi, can enter. Also, they believed that she cannot enter a house which is not lit up, so every household burns special *Diwali* clay lamps or what they call “*diyas*” to lighten up the way for the her.



Popularly known as Henna Tattoos nowadays, in the ancient times of India, **Mehndi** is a temporary body art form. With the use of paste made from dry leaves powder of a henna plant, the artist draws artistic lines and shapes on the skin of a person.

ACTIVITY

For your activity, you will be making a **MEHNDI ART**. Prepare the materials listed in the table below and follow the procedure as your teacher will guide you through.

Materials needed	Procedure
1. Oslo papers	1. Place one of your hand on the oslo paper. Trace it using your pencil. Make sure to trace it carefully.
2. Pencil & eraser	2. Once done, blacken the lines using your marker.
3. Black marker	3. Create different designs like flowers, shapes, etc. on it. 4. You can also make a border to make your work pleasant.

For this activity, you will be graded according to the rubric below:

Indicators	5 - 4 points	3 - 2 points	1 point
1. The learner created a difficult design.			
2. The learner made a clean output.			
3. The learner followed the instructions.			

Remember

The arts of India are well known to the world because of their intricate and colorful designs. Their artists create one of a kind artforms in relation to their traditions and culture. As a learner, we should apply this kind of skill when we are doing our art projects or activities in school or at home. In this way, our art skill will be developed.

Checking your Understanding

Directions: Based on the topic in this lesson, complete the phrase below by writing your thoughts:

1. I have learned that...

Post-Test

Directions: Identify the word. Write those words on the line before each number.

1. It is comprised of two words: '*rang*' meaning 'color' and '*aavalli*' meaning “colored creepers” or “row of colors”.
2. It is popularly known as Henna Tattoos. It is a temporary body art form from India.
3. It is the Hindu New Year and is celebrated in India and all around the world in October or November.

References:

- Music and Arts of Asia - Learner's Material, pages 299 – 331 (Textbook)
- Arts 8 – Learner's Material, pages 1 – 31 (PDF)
- MAPEH – Activity-based and Integrative Worktext in Music, Arts, Physical Education and Health, pages 248 - 277 – Santiago, Santos, Edralin

UNIFIED SUPPLEMENTARY LEARNING MATERIALS Grade 8 LEARNING AREA

Answer keys:

Pre-test:

1. Diwali
2. Mehndi
3. Rangoli

Looking Back: (possible answers)

1. Japanese Bamboo Basket – used for carrying vegetables/fruit/crops
2. Chinese Paper Cuts – used for decorations in events/occasions
3. Korean Mask – used for wearing with costumes in a festival/event

Post-test:

1. Rangoli
2. Mehndi
3. Diwali