

8



# Learning Activity Sheet for Science

Quarter 2

Lesson

6

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**Learning Activity Sheet for Science Grade 8**  
**Quarter 2: Lesson 6 of 6 (Week 8)**  
**SY 2025-2026**

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## LEARNING ACTIVITY SHEET

<b>Learning Area:</b>	Science	<b>Quarter:</b>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter
<b>Lesson No.:</b>	Lesson 6 Subtopic 3	<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Lesson Title/ Topic:</b>	The Atom and the Periodic Table/ Electron Dot Diagram		
<b>Name:</b>		<b>Grade &amp; Section:</b>	

- I. Activity No.:** Activity #1: Fill in the Dots (30 mins)
- II. Objective(s):** At the end of the activity, the learners are expected to express the electron dot diagrams of assigned elements through culinary creativity.
- III. Materials Needed:** bond paper, pencil, cupcakes (with no toppings), chocolate stick (like choco-choco or any brand), candy sprinkles, very small mallows (optional)
- IV. Instructions:**
- The class will be grouped into seven groups.
  - Each group will have an assigned period.
    - Group 1 – Period 1
    - Group 2 – Period 2
    - Group 3 – Period 3
    - Group 4 – Period 4
    - Group 5 – Period 5
    - Group 6 – Period 6
    - Group 7 – Period 7
  - Each group will draw the electron dot diagram of elements in the period that belongs to the representative elements on a separate sheet.
  - Once done, this will act as a guide in decorating the cupcakes.
  - Use the choco sticks (may use different flavors/colors) in writing the symbols of the elements on the cupcakes. Fluffy Mamon or any bread with the same form could be an alternative for cupcakes.
  - Use the candy sprinkles or small mallows to represent the valence electrons around the atom.
  - Once done, explain and present it to the class.

### Rubrics

Category	Description	Points
Accuracy of Electron Dot Diagrams	All drawings in the cupcake are correctly written	5
Presentation	All cupcakes are visually captivating. (especially clean, it is still appealing to eat)	5
Explanation	The group was able to explain their answers accurately and with confidence.	10

## LEARNING ACTIVITY SHEET

<b>Learning Area:</b>	Science	<b>Quarter:</b>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter
<b>Lesson No.:</b>	Lesson 6 Subtopic 4	<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Lesson Title/Topic:</b>	The Atom and the Periodic Table/ Groups and Similar Properties		
<b>Name:</b>		<b>Grade &amp; Section:</b>	

- I. Activity No.:** Activity #2: Row-Blocks (30 mins)
- II. Objective(s):** At the end of the activity, the learners are expected to:
  - a. identify the block of a given element, and
  - b. explain the arrangement of elements according to blocks.
- III. Materials Needed:** ruler, old folders, plastic cover, marker, scissors, pencil, tape, glue
- IV. Instructions:**
  - The class will be divided into groups with 4 to 5 members.
  - Using old folders, each group will prepare tiles with 19 by 19 millimeters square and 4 mm thickness.
  - There will be two types of tiles, element tiles and block tiles.
    - Element tiles are comprised of at least four elements in each element group in the periodic table (except transition elements). They are randomly picked by the students.
      - S block elements – 8 tiles
      - D block elements – 8 tiles
      - P block elements – 16 tiles
      - F block elements – 8 tiles
    - There will be 48 element tiles.
    - Block tiles are for the s-p-d-f blocks.
    - There will be 10 block tiles:
      - S – 2 tiles
      - D – 2 tiles
      - P – 4 tiles
      - F – 2 tiles
  - Once the tiles are prepared the group may commence the game.
  - All element tiles must be placed on a table face-down.
  - The block tiles must also be placed on the table face-down in a separate area or corner.
  - The first three/four players will flip an element tile every turn.
  - The fourth/fifth player will act as an arbiter. They will flip one block tile and
  - hold a periodic table.
  - Once the arbiter flips a block tile, the battle begins. The first player to grab and tell at least one element (revealed) belonging to the block tile gains a point.
  - The flipping of element tiles continues as the players try to collect the elements.

- A player may snatch the collected elements of another player if they have elements of the same group. They need to tell the “group” after getting a tile to snatch a group.
- The first player to complete a block (either s,p,d,f) wins.
- If no one will be able to form a block, the player with the highest points within the given time frame will win.
  - S element – 1 point
  - D element – 2 points
  - P element – 2 points
  - F element – 2 points
- The arbiter will be the overseer of the game.
- The game may continue to championships depending on the teacher’s discretion.

## V. **Synthesis:**

To process what you have learned answer the following guide questions in the space provided.

1. What does each block in the periodic table represent?

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2. What do elements in the s-block have in common?

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3. Why does the p-block span six groups of elements?

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4. Why does the d-block span ten groups of elements?

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5. Why is the f-block comprised of 14 elements in a series?

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## LEARNING ACTIVITY SHEET

<b>Learning Area:</b>	Science	<b>Quarter:</b>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter
<b>Lesson No.:</b>	Lesson 6 Subtopic 5	<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Lesson Title/Topic:</b>	The Atom and the Periodic Table/ Groups and Similar Properties		
<b>Name:</b>		<b>Grade &amp; Section:</b>	

- I. **Activity No.:** Activity #3: Bioaccumulation of Metals
- II. **Objective(s):** At the end of the activity, the students can derive the meaning of bioaccumulation of metals based on the illustration.
- III. **Materials Needed:** pen and worksheet
- IV. **Instructions:** Using the illustration below, write your ideas on the space provided. Present your work in the class.

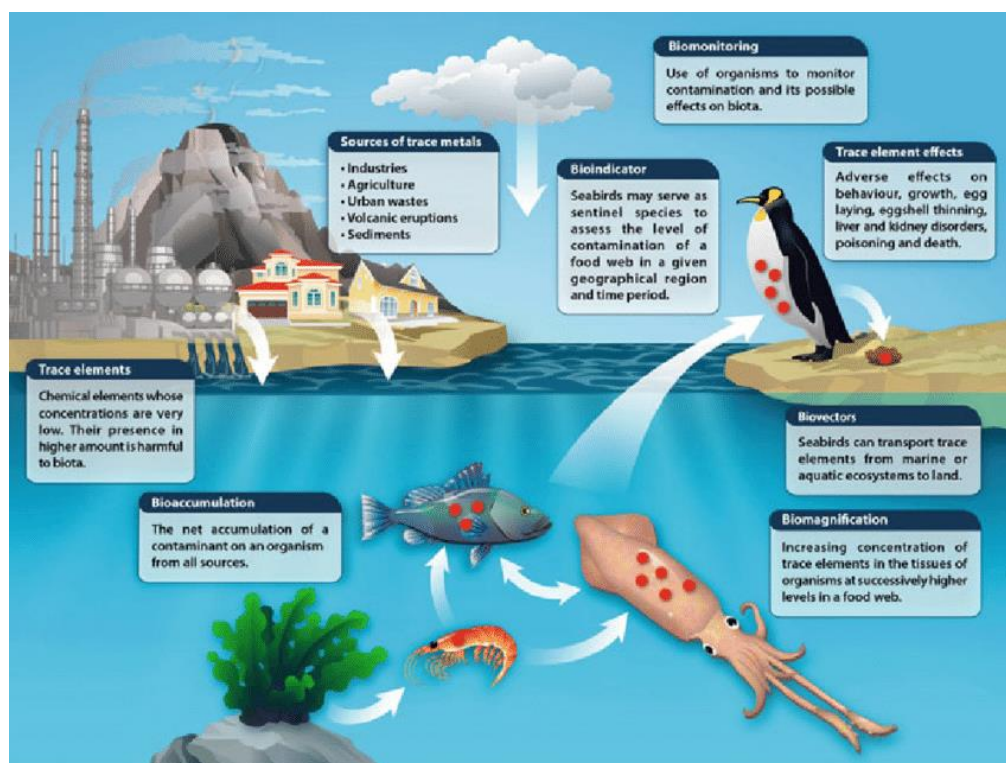


Image Source: Espejo, Winfred & Celis Hidalgo, Jose & González-Acuña, Daniel & Banegas, Andres & Barra, Ricardo & Chiang, Gustavo. (2017). A Global Overview of Exposure Levels and Biological Effects of Trace Elements in Penguins. 10.1007/398\_2017\_5.

## LEARNING ACTIVITY SHEET

<b>Learning Area:</b>	Science	<b>Quarter:</b>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter
<b>Lesson No.:</b>	Lesson 6 Subtopic 5	<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Lesson Title/Topic:</b>	The Atom and the Periodic Table/ Groups and Similar Properties		
<b>Name:</b>		<b>Grade &amp; Section:</b>	

- I. Activity No.:** Activity #4: Trendy Groups (40 mins)
- II. Objective(s):** At the end of the activity, the learners are expected to explain how valence electrons are involved in the trend of properties observed in elements of the same group.
- III. Materials Needed:**
  - test tubes
  - test tube holder
  - testtube racks
  - solutions of:  $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ,  $\text{NaCl}$ ,  $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$ ,  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{BaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_3$ ,  $\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ,  $\text{NaF}$ ,  $\text{NaCl}$ ,  $\text{NaBr}$ ,  $\text{NaI}$
- IV. Instructions:** Follow the safety precaution guidelines of the school laboratory for safety purposes. Always wear the complete laboratory safety attire (laboratory gown, gloves, goggles) whenever necessary.
  - **Reaction of Group 1A (alkali metal)**
    - Pour 2mL of  $\text{NaCl}$  solution in tube 1 and 2mL of  $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$  in tube 2.
    - Make sure to label each tube.
    - Add 3 mL of  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  in each tube. Swirl for even distribution.
    - Document the test and take note of your observation.
  - **Reaction of Group 2A (alkaline earth metal)**
    - Pour 2mL of  $\text{CaCl}_2$  solution in tube 1 and 2mL of  $\text{BaCl}_2$  in tube 2.
    - Make sure to label each tube.
    - Add 3 mL of  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  in each tube. Swirl for even distribution.
    - Document the test and take note of your observation.
  - **Reaction of Group Transition Metals**
    - Pour 2mL of  $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ,  $\text{Fe}(\text{NO}_3)_3$ ,  $\text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  solutions in separate test tubes.
    - Make sure to label each tube.
    - Add 3 mL of  $\text{NaOH}$  in each tube. Swirl for even distribution.
    - Document the test and take note of your observation.
  - **Reaction of Halogens**
    - Pour 2mL of  $\text{NaF}$ ,  $\text{NaCl}$ ,  $\text{NaI}$ , and  $\text{NaBr}$  solutions into separate test tubes.
    - Make sure to label each tube.
    - Add  $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$  in each tube. Swirl for even distribution.
    - Document the test and take note of your observation.

**Experiment Sheet**

Group/Family	Target Element	Reagent	Observation of the Test
1A	Na	NaCl	
	K	K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	
2A	Ca	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	
	Ba	BaCl <sub>2</sub>	
Transition Metals	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	Fe(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	
	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Fe(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	
	Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Cu(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	
Halogens	F	NaF	
	Cl	NaCl	
	Br	NaBr	
	I	NaI	

- **Additional Notes:**

**V. Synthesis:**

Answer the following questions based on your observations.

1. Are there any similar observations with alkali and alkaline earth metals?  
What does it so?

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2. How would you describe the reactivity of Halogens to Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>?

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3. Does the number of valence electrons contribute to the reactivity of the elements? Explain.

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**VI. Extend:**

Divide the class into groups. Create a scientific booklet that will show the similarities among the representative elements of the same group (Group 1A to 8A). The following information must be seen:

- Family
- Element symbols
- Element sample photo
- Similar physical properties
- Similar chemical reactivities
- Contribution of valence electrons
- Exemptions to the trend within the group
- Proper Handling
- Helpful Uses in Different Fields
- List of references

**Rubrics**

Category	Description	Points
Content	All information presented was accurate with at least three reliable sources.	10
Presentation	The booklet is easy to use/follow, and sustainable, and students' creativity was observed	15
Teamwork	There was no report of noncollaborative groupmates. All members completed their assigned tasks.	10
Timeliness	The activity was submitted on time	5