



COVERNMENT PROPERTY F

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# Lesson Exemplar for Music and Arts



**IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MATATAG K TO 10 CURRICULUM** 

#### Lesson Exemplar for Music and Arts Grade 4 Quarter 2: Lesson 1 (Week 1) SY 2024-2025

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#### LESSON EXEMPLAR

# MUSIC AND ARTS / QUARTER 2 / GRADE 4

I. CURRICULUM	I CONTENT, STANDARDS, AND LESSON COMPETENCIES
A. Content Standards	The learners demonstrate understanding of local concepts, processes, and practices of Music and Arts as influenced by the faiths and beliefs of the province.
B. Performan Standards	<b>ce</b> The learners improvise creative works that depict the faiths and beliefs of the province, using local concepts, processes, and practices in Music and Arts.
C. Learning Competen and Object	
C. Content	Basic concepts and principles of sound, theater, dance, and visual elements Faiths and Beliefs in the Province on Music and Arts
D. Integration	n SGD 11 Sustainable Cities and Communities: Protect Cultural and Natural Heritage Culture Identity Faiths and Beliefs

## **II. LEARNING RESOURCES**

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- Oliver Cabarubias. (2021, April 11). BENDIAN DANCE OF BENGUET | Dance Tutorial [Video]. YouTube. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= 2Sw9QoDENY
- How To Dance Bendian. (n.d.) Isna Tako. <u>https://isnatako.blogspot.com/2012/08/how-to-dance-bendian.html</u>

## **III. TEACHING AND LEARNING PROCEDURE**

NOTES TO TEACHERS

A. Activating Prior Knowledge	DAY 1	
	<ul> <li>1. Short Review <ul> <li>Let the learners do the following:</li> <li>Sing along with the song "Chua-ay."</li> <li>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ogifedZbyos&amp;t=23s</li> <li>Let the learners stand and respond to the beat of the song by stomping their right foot as they sing the song.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Answer Me! (Think-Pair-Share Questions) <ul> <li>Think: Describe what is happening in the song?</li> <li>Pair - Identify the vocal and instrumental music used?</li> <li>Share - Relate the song to the culture of the Igorot Tribes?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Chua-ay is a song that depicts the Igorot tribes at work, pounding rice using a huge mortar and heavily weighted posts to separate the rice grains. Show the picture below.</li> </ul> <li> Entropy://www.scribd.com/document/451975258/Chua-docx Foot stomps suggest the mortar and pestle action that also enhances the earthy character of the song. Foot stomps suggest the mortar and pestle action that also enhances the earthy character of the song.</li>	<ul> <li>The teacher may use other songs popular in their province and may prescribe other movements that correspond to the beat of the song.</li> <li>Think (30 seconds): The class will watch the video "Chua-ay." Learners will think about this question and come up with an answer in their head.</li> <li>Pair (1 minute): Learners will look for a partner nearby and discuss the answer to the following questions for 1 minute.</li> <li>Share (2 minutes): The teacher will call on a few pairs to share their thoughts done in the Pair activity with the class. As a class discussion the teacher can ask question #3.</li> </ul>

	2. Feedback (Op	tional)				
B. Establishing Lesson Purpose	know as a way of sharing their cultural beliefs and practices. The pupils will			The teacher may choose a traditional practice/event in their province.		
				Answer key:		
	WORDS		WORDS			
	EDNCA	To move the body and feet to the music.	1.	1. Dance 2. Bendian		
	DNNBAIE	Ceremonial dance of the Igorot.	2.	3. Tapis		
	PISAT	It is a wrap-around skirt for women.	3.	4. Bahag		
	AAGBH	A traditional loincloth worn by men in the Igorot ethnic group.	4.	5. Pitch 6. Gong		
	TCHPI	The highness and lowness of a sound.	5.	7. Solibao		
	GNOG	The instrument is heated, then pounded and bent using a metal cylinder to create a particular sound.	6.			
	SLBOOIA	The instrument is played by striking the drumhead using the palm	7.			
C. Developing and Deepening Understanding	dan	cussing the basic concepts and principle ce, and visual elements based on the repr tive works		The teacher may use their local creative works in their place of province.		
	1. Explicitation					

<ul> <li>Let the class watch this video of the Benguet Festival Dance: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DACISM_yZFw&amp;t=253s</u></li> <li>After watching, the teacher will ask the following question to process the video.</li> <li>&gt; What do you call the circle dance performed during the Bindiyan festival?</li> </ul>
<b>Answer</b> : The Bendian Dance, also known as the Bendayan or Bindiyan, is a circle dance that has traditionally been associated with the advent of prosperous headhunters. It is a feature of every Benguet celebration, with the circles gradually giving place to other designs and interpretations. The dance's circular motions stand for the harmony and togetherness of the Benguet people.
<ul> <li>Do the dancers wear costumes when they dance?</li> <li>Answer: Dance costumes are essential to represent the culture of the dance, aside from making the festival more visually appealing to finish the look. Dancers put a lot of effort into realizing their choreographer's vision. The purpose of costumes is to help communicate the tale of the dance's topic while also enhancing each dancer's mobility across the stage.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>What are the different instruments you observe while watching the video performances?</li> <li>Answer: Gongs and Solibao are present during the presentation</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>How will you respond whenever you hear the sound of gongs (gangsa) and sulibao?</li> <li>Answer: We dance based on the beat of those instruments.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Who among you has already witnessed/experienced the Benguet Dance Festival or the Bindiyan Festival? What activities do you usually observe in Bindiyan festival?</li> <li>Answer: There are many activities such as those you mentioned but our lesson will focus on the popular Bendian dance and the traditional attire of the dancers which is the highlight of the festival.</li> </ul>

## 2. Worked Example

• The teacher will introduce the nature of Bendian Dance.

## What is Bendian dance?

Bendian dance is a significant dance and it originated in Kabayan, Benguet. It is staged as a ceremonial dance with the lead man, the lead dancer dancers, the gong players, and dancers which may include the rest of the community members.

Bendiyan means "dance 'til exhausted. "Men and women, young and old, can participate in the dance. The dance commences with the entrance of the lead man and the lead dancer at the center of the grounds bearing spears, shields, and a dummy head as seen in the video clip.

Bendian is performed for many reasons. Some of these are to heal a prolonged illness, relieve natural calamities such as famine and drought, and to celebrate a bountiful harvest.

• The teacher will discuss the basic concepts and principles of sound, theater, dance, and visual elements present in Bendian Dance.

#### Dance

- **Body:** The dancer's physical form and movements.
- **Energy:** The dynamics and intensity of movement.
- **Space:** How dancers occupy and move through the performance area.
- **Time:** The rhythm and timing of dance sequences

Visual Arts (Elements of Visual Composition)

- **Line:** The basic building block, creating shapes and forms.
- **Shape:** Two-dimensional areas defined by lines or color.
- **Color:** Hue, value, and intensity.
- **Texture:** Surface quality.
- **Space:** Positive (occupied) and negative (empty) areas.
- Form: Three-dimensional objects.

## **DAY 2**

## 3. Lesson Activity

- Play a video clip of people performing the Bendian dance which can be accessed to <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4EtVL2xxJ24</u> during the festival and let the learners observe and take note of the of following:
  - $\succ$  hand positions
  - footwork movements
  - $\succ$  formation
  - ➢ pacing
  - ➢ instruments

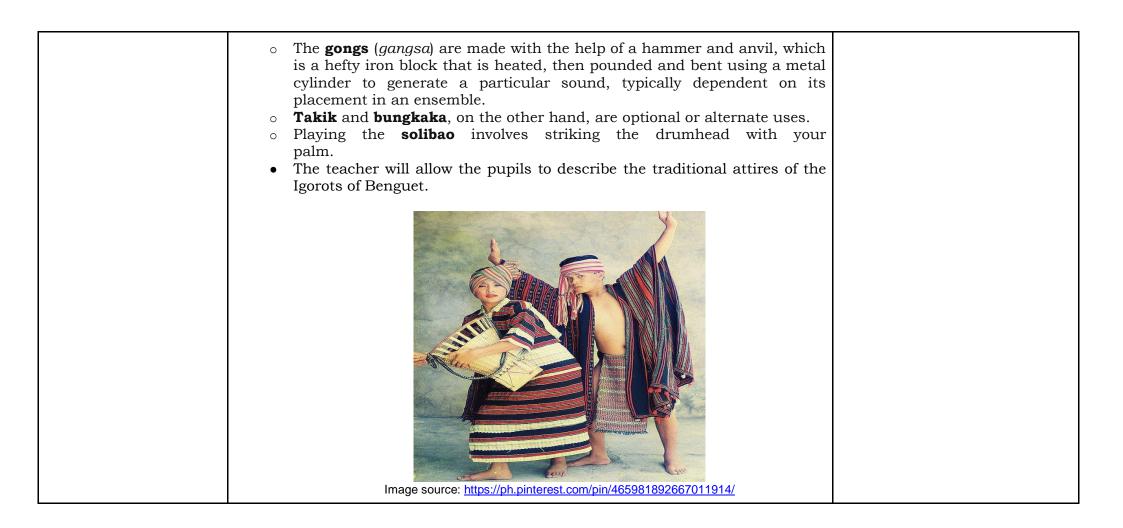
mankayan-benguet/#google vignette

- traditional attire
- > props
- The teacher will introduce the different instruments used in Bendian dance.



facility-pormalen-a-naipaima-kadagiti-gong-makers-ti- /2016/05/13/educational-blog-post/

• The main instruments in playing the bendian dance are **gongs** and **solibaos** 



	Tra	ditional attires of the Igorot of Benguet	
	Head Cloth/	called "shenget", "pangjet", or "binatjek". It is used by	
	Headdress	both male and female and the mambonong or high	
		priest	
	Wrap around skirt	"devit", "dibit", "eten".	
	Blouse	"kambal" or "sad-ey"- has several layers at the back	
		so the user is protected from the edges of the	
		kayabang basket carried at the back.	
	G-string	"pinangsas", "kulibao", "kuval", "kobal", "bahag".	
	Vest (optional)	made of woven textiles	
	Blanket	"ules", or "ketep"	
D. Making Generalizations	<ul> <li>a. We learned that</li> <li>b. We realized that</li> <li>c. We appreciated</li> </ul> <b>2. Reflection on Learn</b> <ul> <li>a. Why is it import</li> <li>Festival?</li> <li>b. What is your place</li> </ul>	complete the following phrases:	The teacher may write or post this to serve as guide for the learners.

IV. EVALUATING LEARNING: FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT AND TEACHER'S REFLECTION		NOTES TO TEACHERS
A. Evaluating Learning	1. Formative Assessment	
J J	Essay/ Narratives. Write your answers in the answer sheet.	

	<ul> <li>What is Bendian dance, based on the symbols and representations of local faiths and beliefs?</li> <li>What is the importance of wearing traditional attire and playing indigenous musical instruments when performing cultural dances such as the Bendian dance?</li> <li>2. Homework (Optional)</li> </ul>			
B. Teacher's Remarks	Note observations on any of the following areas:	Effective Practices	Problems Encountered	The teacher may take note of some observations related to the effective practices and
	strategies explored			problems encountered after utilizing the different strategies, materials used, learner engagement and other related stuff.
	materials used			
	learner engagement/ interaction			Teachers may also suggest ways to improve the different activities explored.
	Others			
C. Teacher's Reflection	<ul> <li>Reflection guide or prompt can be on:</li> <li><u>principles behind the teaching</u> What principles and beliefs informed my lesson? Why did I teach the lesson the way I did? Did I attain all my lesson objectives? How did I encourage my students to participate in the class discussions and activities?</li> </ul>			Teacher's reflection in every lesson conducted/ facilitated is essential and necessary to improve practice. You may also consider this as an input for the LAC/Collab sessions.
	<ul> <li><u>students</u></li> <li>What roles did my students play in my lesson?</li> <li>What did my students learn? How did they learn?</li> <li>Did my pupils actively participate in all the class activities that I prepared?</li> </ul>			

Were the instructions in the class activities clear to the pupils?	
<ul> <li><u>ways forward</u> What could I have done differently? What can I explore in the next lesson? What challenges did I encounter in implementing the class activities?</li> </ul>	